

Australian Bureau of Statistics

1270.0.55.003 - Australian Statistical Geography Standard (ASGS): Volume 3 - Non ABS Structures, July 2013

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Summary

Main Features

THE 2013 UPDATE OF ASGS NON-ABS STRUCTURES

This product releases updates to the Australian Statistical Geography Standard (ASGS) Non-ABS Structure regions that have changed since the 1 July 2012. Changes have occurred in the Local Government Areas (LGA), the Commonwealth Electoral Divisions (CED) and Tourism Regions (TR).

The ASGS brings all the regions for which the ABS publishes statistics within the one framework and has been in use for the collection and dissemination of geographically classified statistics since 1 July 2011. It is the framework for understanding and interpreting the geographical context of statistics published by the ABS. The ABS also encourages the use of the ASGS by other organisations to improve the comparability and usefulness of statistics generally.

The Non-ABS Structures of the ASGS bring together those regions which are not defined by the ABS, but which are supported by the ABS. They generally represent administrative regions and are approximated by Mesh Block (MB), Statistical Area Level 1 (SA1) or Statistical Area Level 2 (SA2).

As the Non-ABS Structures represent regions that are subject to ongoing change, this update to the Non-ABS Structures contains revised digital boundaries, codes and labels for regions that have changed since the last edition. The individual structures are only updated where significant change has occurred in the past year.

Detailed information about Non-ABS Structures including the publication, 2011 digital boundaries and allocation tables are in the 2011 edition of this publication:

Australian Statistical Geography Standard (ASGS): Volume 3 - Non ABS Structures, July 2011 (cat no. 1270.0.55.003)

LOCAL GOVERNMENT AREAS (LGA)

Local Government Areas (LGAs) are an ABS approximation of officially gazetted LGAs as defined by each State and Territory (S/T) local government departments.

ABS approximated LGAs cover incorporated areas of Australia. Incorporated areas are legally designated parts of S/T over which incorporated local governing bodies have responsibility. There are parts of Australia not administered by incorporated bodies. These

regions are identified as 'Unincorporated' in the ABS LGA structure. Unincorporated areas are represented as spatial records in the 2013 LGA digital boundaries. Previous LGA editions for 2011 and 2012 do not contain spatial objects in their respective digital boundaries for Unincorporated areas.

Further information about LGAs can be found in the 2011 publication of the Non-ABS Structures:

ASGS Non ABS Structures July 2011 - Chapter 2 Local Government Areas

Changes to ABS approximated LGAs are only made when a whole MB can be allocated to represent the official LGA change. If the MB cannot be used to approximate the change, the ABS LGA has remained the same.

COMMONWEALTH ELECTORAL DIVISIONS (CED)

Commonwealth Electoral Divisions (CED) are an ABS approximation of the Australian Electoral Commission (AEC) federal electoral division boundaries. An AEC federal electoral division boundary is an area legally prescribed for the purpose of returning one member to the House of Representatives, Australia's Federal Lower House of Parliament. The 2013 release of CED digital boundaries are based upon the official AEC federal electoral division boundaries to be used for the 2013 Federal Elections, as released by PSMA Australia in May 2012.

CEDs are constructed from allocations of whole SA1s.

These CED boundaries form the basis of 2011 Census data released in the ABS Stats mobile application and made available in TableBuilder in 2013.

Further information about CEDs can be found in the 2011 publication of the Non-ABS Structures:

ASGS Non ABS Structures July 2011 - Chapter 5 Commonwealth Electoral Divisions

TOURISM REGIONS (TR)

Tourism Regions (TR) are provided by Tourism Research Australia (TRA) which are part of the Australian Government Department of Resources, Energy and Tourism.

The TRs are updated annually by TRA in consultation with State and Territory (S/T) tourism organisations. The number of TRs, their names and their boundaries vary over time. The TRs are constructed from allocations of whole SA2s.

Further information about TRs can be found in the 2011 publication of the Non-ABS Structures:

ASGS Non ABS Structures July 2011 - Chapter 9 Tourism Regions

About this Release

ASGS Non-ABS Structures are geographic areas not defined by the ABS, they are however supported by the ABS. This product releases updates to those regions that have changed since the last release. The digital boundaries, codes and labels for each of these regions are all available within this product.

Explanatory Notes

Explanatory Notes - Metadata for Digital Boundary Files

METADATA FOR DIGITAL BOUNDARY FILES - ASGS NON ABS STRUCTURES

TITLE

Australian Statistical Geography Standard (ASGS) Volume 3 - Non-ABS Structures (cat no. 1270.0.55.003)

Data Currency: 1 July 2013

Presentation Format: Digital boundaries

CUSTODIAN

Custodian: Australian Bureau of Statistics

DESCRIPTION

Abstract:

This edition of the Australian Statistical Geography Standard (ASGS) Volume 3 - Non-ABS Structures (cat no. 1270.0.55.003), is the 2013 update of the ASGS Volume 3 that was published in July 2012. It contains the names, codes and digital boundaries for regions that have changed since the 2012 release.

The digital boundaries for this update to Volume 3 of the ASGS represent the Non-ABS Structures, comprising of:

- Local Government Area (LGA)
- Commonwealth Electoral Division (CED)
- Tourism Region (TR).

File Nomenclature:

File names have the format <file type> <2013> <AUST> where:

TR = Tourism Region

<2013> represents 2013 the year of the Australian Statistical Geography Standard (ASGS) Edition

<AUST> indicates the data relates to Australia.

Were applicable States and Territories are identified by unique one digit codes, as listed below:

State and Territory Codes and Names

Code	S/T
1	New South Wales
2	Victoria
3	Queensland
4	South Australia
5	Western Australia
6	Tasmania
7	Northern Territory
8	Australian Capital Territory
9	Other Territories

File Attributes:

All tables show file type, file name, spatial unit field and the data type.

File Type: Local Government Area (LGA)

File Name (s): LGA_2013_AUST

Coun	t Field (mid/mif)	Field (ESRI shp)	Data Type
1	LGA_CODE_2013	LGA_CODE13	Character(5)
2	LGA_NAME_2013	LGA_NAME13	Character(50)
3	STATE CODE 2011	STE_CODE11	Character(1)
4	STATE_NAME_2011	STE_NAME11	Character(30)
5	AREA_ALBERS_SQKM	AREA_SQKM	Float

File Type: Commonwealth Electoral Division (CED)

File Name (s): CED_2013_AUST

Count	Field (mid/mif)	Field (ESRI shp)	Data Type
1	CED_CODE_2013	CED_CODE13	Character(5)
2	CED_NAME_2013	CED_NAME13	Character(50)
5	AREA_ALBERS_SQKM	AREA_SQKM	Float

File Type: Tourism Region (TR)

File Name (s): TR_2013_AUST

Count	Field (mid/mif)	Field (ESRI shp)	Data Type
1 2 3 4 5	TR_CODE_2013 TR_NAME_2013 STATE_CODE_2011 STATE_NAME_2011 AREA_ALBERS_SQKM	TR_CODE13 TR_NAME13 STE_CODE11 STE_NAME11 AREA_SQKM	Character(5) Character(50) Character(1) Character(30) Float

DATA CURRENCY

Date of Effect: 1 July 2013

DATASET STATUS

Progress: Completed dataset

Maintenance and Update Frequency: As the Non-ABS Structures represent regions that are subject to ongoing change, the ABS will release a revised publication for ASGS Non-ABS Structures in July each year. The individual structures will only be updated where significant change has occurred in the past year.

ACCESS

Stored Data Format:

The digital boundary files are in MapInfo Interchange Format (.MID .MIF) and ESRI Shapefile (.shp) format.

MapInfo Interchange Format can be imported directly into MapInfo and other common Geographic Information Systems (GIS) or desktop mapping packages. The .MID .MIF files are text format and can be edited and manipulated for import to less common GIS and CAD systems.

The .MID .MIF files cannot be used directly with viewing tools such as MapInfo ProViewer.

Access Constraints:

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Datum:

Geocentric Datum of Australia 1994 (GDA94)

The digital boundary files have the datum specified as 116 (GDA94). Users of MapInfo 6.0 or later are able to load data sets based on GDA94 directly, without transformation. Earlier versions of MapInfo cannot interpret GDA94 correctly and there may be alignment problems between data sets based on this datum and other earlier datums.

Projection:

Geographical (i.e. Latitudes and Longitudes)

Geographic Extent:

Geographic Australia.

DATA QUALITY

Lineage:

Mesh Blocks (MB) are the building blocks of the ASGS regions. MB boundaries were created using various sources including the PSMA digital topographic datasets, ABS 2011 SLA boundaries and zoning information from state planning agencies and imagery.

Positional Accuracy:

Positional accuracy is an assessment of the closeness of the location of the spatial objects in relation to their true positions on the earth's surface.

The positional accuracy includes:

- a horizontal accuracy assessment
- · a vertical accuracy assessment

Positional accuracy for ABS boundaries is dependent on the accuracy of the features they have been aligned to. ABS boundaries are aligned to a number of layers supplied by PSMA with an accuracy of +/-50 mm.

PSMA layers and their positional accuracy are as follows:

- Transport and Topography
 - +/- 2 meters in urban areas and +/- 10 meters in rural and remote areas
- CadLite
 - +/- 2 meters in urban areas and +/- 10 meters in rural and remote areas
- Administrative Boundaries
 Derived from the cadastre data from each Australian State and Territory iurisdiction
- Greenspace and Hydrology
 Relative spatial accuracy of these themes reflects that of the jurisdictional source
 data. Generally the accuracy is +/- 2 metres in urban areas and +/- 10 metres in
 rural and remote areas.

Attribute Accuracy:

All codes and labels for all structures within the ASGS 2013 Non-ABS Structures are fully validated.

Logical Consistency:

Spatial units are closed polygons. Attribute records without spatial objects have been included in the data for administrative purposes.

Completeness:

All structures within the 2013 ASGS Non-ABS Structures are represented.

For the 2013 edition, Unincorporated LGAs are represented as spatial records in the digital boundaries.

CONTACT INFORMATION

Contact Organisation: Australian Bureau of Statistics

Contact: ABS Geography

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Explanatory Notes - Metadata for CSV Files

METADATA FOR CSV FILES - ASGS NON-ABS STRUCTURES

The product Australian Statistical Geography Standard (ASGS) Volume 3 - Non-ABS Structures (cat no. 1270.0.55.003) contains comma-separated value (.csv) files. These files list the codes, labels and hierarchies for the 2013 updated regions within the ASGS Non-ABS Structures.

There are .csv files listing the geographical hierarchies for the following regions:

- Local Government Area (LGA) for each State and Territory (9 csv. files)
- Commonwealth Electoral Division (CED)
- Tourism Region (TR).

Note that LGAs have MBs as the lowest level, CEDs have SA1s as the lowest level and TRs have SA2s as the lowest level unit.

FILE CONTENTS:

The LGA .csv files are broken up by State and Territory they each contain the following fields:

MB_CODE_2011 LGA_CODE_2013 LGA_NAME_2013 STATE_CODE_2011 STATE_NAME_2011 AREA_ALBERS_SQKM

The CED .csv files are broken up by State and Territory they each contain the following fields:

SA1_MAINCODE_2011 CED_CODE_2013 CED_NAME_2013 STATE_CODE_2011 STATE_NAME_2011 AREA_ALBERS_SQKM

The TR .csv file contains the following fields:

SA2_MAINCODE_2011 SA2_NAME_2011 TR_CODE_2013 TR_NAME_2013 STATE_CODE_2011 STATE_NAME_2011 AREA_ALBERS_SQKM

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